



B K BIRLA CENTRE  
FOR EDUCATION  
(Sarla Birla Group of Schools)

CLASS: XII

DATE: 16/01/2025

**BK BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION**  
**SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS**  
**SENIOR SECONDARY CO-ED DAY CUM BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL**  
**PRE BOARD-3 EXAMINATION 2024-25**  
**POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)**



DURATION: 3 Hrs.

MAX. MARKS: 80

**General Instructions:**

1. Please check that this question paper contains 7 printed pages.
2. Please write down the serial number of the question before attempting it.  
This question paper contains 30 questions. All questions are compulsory.
3. Question paper is divided into five sections A, B, C, D and E.
4. Section A questions number 1 to 12 are Multiple Choice type questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
5. Section B questions number 13 to 18 are Short Answer type questions. Each question carries 2 marks. Write answer to each question in 50 to 60 words.
6. Section C questions number 19 to 23 are Long Answer Type -I question. Each question carries 4 marks. Write answer to each question in 100 to 120 words.
7. Section D questions number 24 to 26 are Passage, Cartoon and Map-based questions. Answer each question accordingly.
8. Section E questions number 27 to 30 are Long Answer type-II questions. Each question carries 6 marks. Write answer to each question in 170 to 180 words.
9. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions has to be attempted.

**SECTION A (12x1=12 MARKS)**

- Q1. Why did India's leaders decide to take the more difficult path of democracy? **1**
- a. They were afraid of the consequences of non-democratic rule
  - b. India's freedom struggle was deeply committed to the idea of democracy
  - c. They believed that democracy was the cheapest option
  - d. They were pressured by other countries to adopt democratic rule
- Q2. The cities that were divided into "communal zones" during the partition violence were. **1**
- a. Lahore, Amritsar, and Calcutta
  - b. Kashmir, Lucknow, and Allahabad
  - c. Madras, Hyderabad, and Mysore
  - d. Delhi, Mumbai, and Gwalior

- Q3. **In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read these statements and choose one correct answer from the given options-** 1

**Assertion (A):** 'Development was about becoming more 'modern' and modern was about becoming more like the industrialized countries of the west.

**Reason (R):** It was believed that every country would go through the process of modernization as in the West, which involved the breakdown of traditional social structures and the rise of capitalism and liberalism.

- a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true, but R is false.
- d. A is false, but R is true.

- Q4. The idea of planning in India was drawn from- 1

- a. The Bombay plan
- b. Experiences of the Soviet bloc countries
- c. Gandhian vision of society
- d. Demand by peasant organizations

Choose the correct alternative-

- (i) b and d only
- (ii) d and c only
- (iii) a and b only
- (iv) All the above

- Q5. When was Anandpur Sahib Resolution passed? 1

- a. 1962
- b. 1965
- c. 1967
- d. 1973

- Q6. **In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read these statements and choose one correct answer from the given options-** 1

**Assertion (A):** The demand for autonomy in Northeast India led to the creation of separate states.

**Reason (R):** the central government sought to satisfy the demand for autonomy by dividing Assam.

- a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true, but R is false.
- d. A is false, but R is true.

- Q7. Arrange the following in chronological order: 1
- a. Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
  - b. Fall of the Berlin Wall
  - c. Disintegration of Soviet Union
  - d. Russian Revolution
- A. d-a-b-c
  - B. a-b-c-d
  - C. b-c-d-a
  - D. c-a-b-d

- Q8. Which among the following is NOT an outcome of the disintegration of the USSR? 1
- a. End of the ideological war between the US and USSR
  - b. Birth of CIS
  - c. Change in the balance of power in the world order
  - d. Crises in the Middle East

- Q9. Which of the statements are 'True' about the impact of globalisation? 1
- a. Globalisation has been uneven in its impact on states and societies.
  - b. Globalisation has had a uniform impact on all states and societies.
  - c. The impact of globalisation has been confined to the political sphere.
  - d. Globalisation inevitably results in cultural homogeneity.

Q10. **Match the columns:** 1

(a) Socio-religious identity	i. Nagaland /Mizoram leading to statehood
(b) Linguistic identity and tensions with Centre	ii. Jharkhand /Chattisgarh
(c) Regional imbalance leading to demand for Statehood	iii. Punjab
(d) Secessionist demands on account of tribal identity	iv. Tamil Nadu
A. a-iii, b-iv, c-ii, d-i B. a-ii, b-iii, c-i, d-iv C. a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv D. a-iv, b-i, c-ii, d-iii	

- Q11. Which among the following are true about the Global Commons? 1
- a. The earth's atmosphere, Antarctica, ocean floor and outer space are considered as part of the Global Commons.
  - b. The Global Commons are outside sovereign jurisdiction.
  - c. The question of managing the Global Commons has reflected the North- South divide.
  - d. The countries of the North are more concerned about the protection of the global Commons than the countries of the South.

- Q12. The UN agency concerned with the safety and peaceful use of nuclear technology is: **1**  
a. The UN Committee on Disarmament  
b. International Atomic Energy Agency  
c. UN International Safeguard Committee  
d. None of the above.

**SECTION B (6x2=12 MARKS)**

- Q13. In spite of token representation in the Indian Legislatures during the fifties, what role did the opposition parties play? **2**
- Q14. What was the reason behind unease between India and US relation during 1950's? **2**
- Q15. Assess the role played by 'defections' on Indian politics. **2**
- Q16. Suggest any two measures to have good relations with Pakistan. **2**
- Q17. Highlight any two threats to a country's security as per the traditional notion of security. **2**
- Q18. What do you mean by non-traditional notion of security? **2**

**SECTION C (5x4=20 MARKS)**

- Q19. What is Globalization? Highlight any three causes of globalization. **4**  
**OR**  
State the political impact of Globalization
- Q20. Discuss the aspects of India's relations with USSR. **4**
- Q21. What were the changes that occurred in Indian Politics after 1977? **4**  
**OR**  
Explain the reasons for the student's movement of 1974 in Bihar and role played by Jai Prakash Narayan in this movement.
- Q22. The Assam movement was a combination of cultural pride and economic backwardness. Explain **4**
- Q23. Highlight the salient features of Indo-Israeli relations. **4**

**SECTION D (3x4=12 MARKS)**

- Q24. **Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:** **1x4=4**  
Most importantly, the nonpermanent members do not have veto power. What is veto power? In taking decisions, the Security Council proceeds by voting. All members have one vote. However, the permanent members can vote in a negative manner so that even if all other permanent and non- permanent members vote for a particular decision, any permanent member's negative vote can stall the decision. This negative vote is the veto.

I. How many votes do UNSC members have?

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 3
- d. 4

II. Why is veto termed as a negative vote?

- a. It helps in the decision-making process
- b. It makes a vote stand void
- c. It is considered as a disagreement
- d. None of the above

III. How many members are elected as non-permanent ones?

- e. 10
- f. 15
- g. 12
- h. 14

IV. Identify the country from the following options that do not have vetopower.

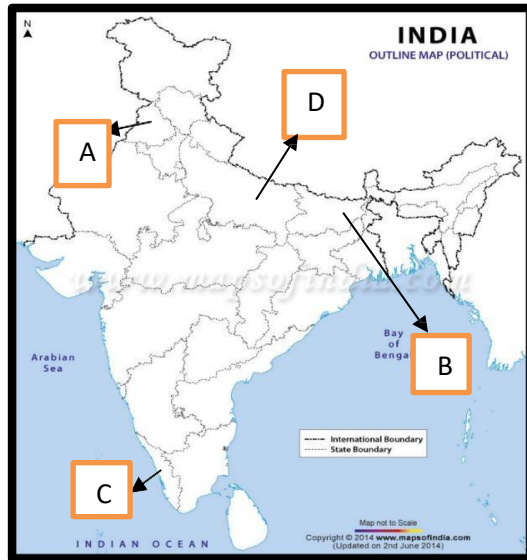
- i. USA
- j. UK
- k. France
- l. Japan

Q25. **In the given political outline map of India, four states have been marked as A, B, C, and D Identify these States based on the information given below and write their correct name in your answer-book along with the respective serial number of the information used and the concerned alphabet as per the following format:**

**1x4=4**

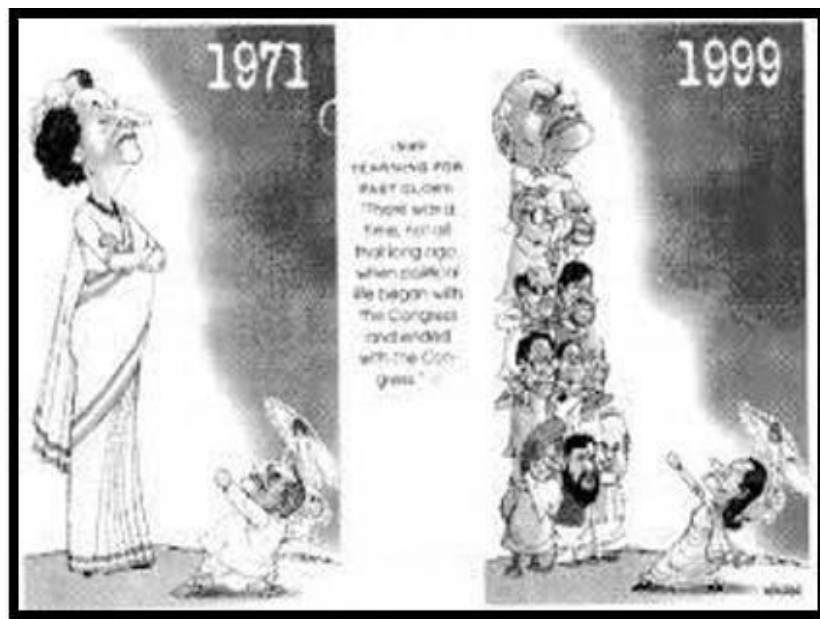
- a. State ruled by left party from 1957-59.
- b. The 1975 High court verdict of this court infuriated emergency in the country.
- c. The state associated with Golden Temple and 'Operation Blue Star'.
- d. Karpoori Thakur was the CM of this state and implemented reservations for OBCs.

Sr. No	Corresponding alphabet	Answer



Q26. Study the given Cartoon and answer the questions that follow:

1+1+2



1. Leaders mentioned in the cartoon dated 1971.
  - a. Indira Gandhi and Atal Bihari Vajpayee
  - b. Indira Gandhi and V.P Singh
  - c. Indira Gandhi and Chandrashekhar
  - d. Indira Gandhi and L.K Advani

2. Name any two leaders shown in the cartoon dated 1999.
3. What does the above cartoon signify?

**SECTION E (4X6=24MARKS)**

- Q27. What are the reasons being used by Nehru for keeping India Secular? Do you think these reasons were only ethical and sentimental? Or were there some prudential reasons as well? **6**

**OR**

Assess the causes of partition of India in 1947

- Q28. “In the midst of severe competition and many conflicts, a consensus appears to have emerged among most political parties of India.” In the light of this statement, analyse any three elements of growing consensus. **6**

**OR**

Describe the major developments that have taken place in Indian politics during the NDA III and IV.

- Q29. What makes EU a highly influential organization? **6**

**OR**

Write a detailed note about the factors responsible for the rise of Chinese economy.

- Q30. Though the UN has failed in preventing wars and related miseries, nations prefer its continuation. What makes the UN an indispensable organization? **6**

**OR**

“Reforming the UN means restructuring of the Security Council”. Do you agree with this statement? Give arguments for or against this position